(تعدادی / مقداری) **SOME:**

۱.قبل از اسه غیر قابل شمارش و قابل شمارش جمع بکار می رود. ۷. در جملات مثبت بکار میرود

 ۳. در جملات سوالی هنگاه در خواست و تعارف که انتظار جواب مثبت داریه نیز کاربرد دارد.

- 1. There are some letters on the desk.
- 2. I have some money in my wallet.
- 3. Would you like some more tea?
- 4. Can you let me have some paper?

(مقدار زیادی/مٰیلی : MUCH

۱.اغلب در مملات سوالی و منفی کاربرد دارد. ۷.قبل از اسم غیر قابل شمارش بکار میرود. ۳.به طور معمول در مملات مثبت بعد از کلمات too/as/so/very کاربرد دارد.

- 1. Is there much rice left?
- 2. We haven't got much rice left.
- 3. We enjoy the party very much.
- 4. How much milk is there in the fridge?

A LOT (OF) / LOTS (OF) /PLENTY (OF)

تعداد زیادی/ مقدار زیادی /غیلی

ا.در مملات مثبت به طور معمول به مای much /many ا. ادر مملات مثبت به طور معمول به مای A lot of/lots of /plenty of

۷.قبل از اسامی قابل شمارش جمع و غیر قابل شمارش به کار میروند.

- 1. We've got a lot of milk.
- 2. (Not: We've got much milk.)
- 3. He's got a lot of / plenty of books.
- 4. (Not normally: He's got many books.)
- 5. I still have a lot to do.
- 6. It is a great city, with lots to see and do.

FEW: "not many" or "almost no".

ا.به معنی "فیلی نه، تقریبا هیچ " می باشد. ۷. دارای مفهومی منفی می باشد.یعنی چیزی که رامع به آن صمبت می کنیه فیلی زیاد نیست و به اندازه کافی نیست و می توان از آن چشه پوشی کرد.

س.قبلُ از اسامی قابل شمارش جمع به کار می رود.

۲. در مملات مثبت بکار میرود و دارای مفهوم منفی است.

- 1. It was a very difficult question and so **few** (not many) students got it right.
- The concert was not a success. Very few people came to hear him play.

(ميم) : ANY)

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ا.قبل از اسه غیر قابل شمارش و قابل شمارش جمع بکار می رود. ۷. در جملات منفی و سوالی بکار میرود. ۷.در جملات دارای مفهوه منفی بعد از کلمات without, never, seldom, rarely, hardly بکار می رود.

- 1. Is there any tea in the cupboard?
- 2. I don't have any new stories for you.
- 3. There isn't any tea in the cupboard.
- 4. I found a taxi without any trouble.
- 5. You never do any homework.
- 6. There are hardly any eggs left.

(تعداد زیادی /غیلی) : MANY

۱.اغلب در مملات سوالی و منفی کاربرد دارد. ۲.قبل از اسم قابل شمارش ممع بکار میرود. ۳.به طور معمول در مملات مثبت بعد از کلمات too/as/so/very کاربرد دارد.

- 1. Has he got many books?
- 2. He hasn't got many books.
- 3. I've got so many jobs to do today.
- 4. How many students are in the classroom?

A FEW: (not many, but enough)

۱.به معنی "فیلی نه ولی به اندازه کافی" می باشد. ۷. دارای مفهومی مثبت می باشد.یعنی چیزی که رامع به آن صمبت می کنیه فیلی زیاد نیست ولی به اندازه کافی هست. ۷.قبل از اسامی قابل شمارش ممع به کار می رود. ۲. در مملات مثبت ، منفی و سوالی کاربرد دارد.

- 1. I can't express my feeling in **a few** words.
- 2. There are **a few** chairs in the classroom.
- 3. Can you give me a few books?
- 4. I've bought a few flowers for your birthday.
- 5. The question was too difficult for most of the students but a few (some but not a large number) got it right.

A LITTLE: 'not much, but enough'

ا.به معنی "فیلی نه ولی به اندازه گافی" می باشد. ۷. دارای مفهومی مثبت می باشد.یعنی چیزی که رامع به آن صمبت می کنیم فیلی زیاد نیست ولی به اندازه کافی هست. ۷.قبل از اسامی غیرقابل شمارش به کار می رود. ۲. در مملات مثبت ، منفی و سوالی کاربرد دارد.

- 1. I can't wash my hands and face using a little water.
- 2. There is a little water in the bottle.
- 3. Can you give me a little water?

LITTLE: "not much" or "almost no". www.grammarplus.ir

ا.به معنی "غیلی نه، تقریبا هیچ " می باشد.

۷. دارای مفهومی منفی می باشد.یعنی چیزی که رامع به آن صمبت می کنیم فیلی زیاد نیست و به اندازه کافی نیست و می توان از آن چشم پوشی کرد.
۱۳. دارای مفهومی منفی می باشد.یعنی چیزی که رامع به آن صمبت می کنیم فیلی زیاد نیست و به اندازه کافی نیست و می توان از آن چشم پوشی کرد.

- 1. There is little work to do. (= almost no work to do)
- 2. I drink little coffee. I don't like it.

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Some any many much little a little few a few

1

A) Choose the best answer.		1000
1. (a little / a few) We have got money.		
2. (any / much) She hasn't got friends.		31.2
		100 m(1.00
3. (much many) How cheese is there in the fridge?		
4. (a little / much) Has Mrs. Johnson got milk?		
5. (some/ many) They have got butter in the tub.		
6. (a few/ any) Mr. Blank hasn't got grandchildren.		
7. (much / many) I haven't got money this month.	www.grammarplus.ii	
8. (a little / a few) Gary has got pencils in his pencil box.	\$	
9) (any / a little) We need butter to make the cake.		
10) (some / many) How have you got?	o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	
	<u></u>	
		THE RESERVE
B) Choose the correct alternative:		1
	S	The second second
1. Have we got (any / a little) honey jars in the fridge?	<u></u>	
2. There (are / is) (a little / many) ice cream.	To the second	
3. Have we got (any / a few) cheese in the fridge?		
4. We haven't got (a little / any) apples in the basket.	ဖွ	
5. There are (a little / a lot of) children in the garden.		
6. Sandy has got (a few / a lot of) money in the bank.		
7. Ali, is there (a few / any) milk in that bottle?		
8. Susan, how (many / much) bottles of apple juice (is /are) there in the fr	idge?	
9. They have got (a few / a little) cats in their garden.		
10. There (are / is) (a little / many) ice cream cones in the box.		
C) Choose the correct option.		
1. This bag is very heavy because it has got books in it.		
A) a little B) a lot of C) a few		
2. Meral and Almet have got friends from America.		
A) any B) much C) a few		
3. Have we gotmilk in the fridge, mother?		
A) many B) a few C) any		
4. Howmoney have you got in your bag?		
A) many B) any C) much		
5. My mother has got friends.		
A) a little B) a lot of C) much		
6. We have got apples and oranges in the fridge.		
A) a little / some B) many / a little C) a few / some		
7. Are there children in the school garden?		
A) a little B) any C) much		
8. My teacher hasn't got 6th grade student this year.		
A) some B) any C) a few		
9. Sam, there milk in the fridge?		× *
A) are / any B) is / any C) is / a few		
A) are / any B) is / any C) is / a few 10. How cheese has she got in the basket?		
A) many B) much C) any		4.30
11. There are English teachers at this school this year.	-1	
A) many B) much C) a little		414 -4
12. We haven't got toothpaste but we have got toothbrushes.		
A) some / some B) some / any C) any / some		2

D.Fill in the gaps with a/an, some, any. 1. Her sister's friend is ______ teacher. 2. My friend's father has got _____ car. 3. She has got _____apples in her bag. 4. Tom hasn't got _____ money. 5. There is _____orange under the table. 6. There isn't _____water in the fridge. 7. There are _____ people in the house. 8. There aren't _____eggs in the bag. 9. Do you have _____brothers or sisters? 10. There is $___$ rice in the bowl. E.Fill in the gaps with little/a little 1. We've got _____ time. Hurry up! 2. When you boil potatoes add _____salt. 3. There is _____snow in our town in winter. 4. I've got _____money. Let's buy a snack. 5. I've got flour. I can't make a cake. 6. Are you thirsty? I've got _____juice. 7. There is milk. Can you buy some? 8. I can't come. I've got too _____time. 9. Can we talk? Yes, I've got _____ time. 10. I can't buy a car. I've got _____money. F.Fill in the gaps with little/a little/few/a few 1. There are _____ apples left. We need to buy some. 2. We've got _____money, we can't go to the cinema. 3. He gave us _____ apples. We were glad. 4. This drink is sour. Put _____ sugar in it. 5. There are _____people in the street. It's really late. 6. There is _____cheese in the fridge. Can you buy some? 7. Look! There are _____ cats on the roof! 8. You must add _____butter, it will make your dish tastier. 9. Can you give me money? I forgot my purse at home. 10. There is _____water in this bottle. Someone drank it. 11.I will be back in _____ minutes. 12. There are _____boys in our class. There are only 4. 13. There are _____chairs in this room, we need more. 14. I can't buy this hat. I have money. 15. She has got _____meat. Let's fry it! 16. I know _____French. I can help you translate this text. G. Fill in the gaps with few/a few 1. There are _____bananas in my bag, do you want one? 2. Unfortunately, only _____children read books nowadays. 3. Kate sees her friends ______times a week. 4. We have got _____apples, we can't make an apple pie. 5. We will come back in _____ days.6. The weather was bad, but _____ people came. We will come back in 7. There are _____plums in the cupboard, please buy some. 8. I've got _____tomatoes, let's make some juice. 9. She has ______good friends. She isn't lonely.

10. There are _____men teachers at school. We need more.

H.Fill in the gaps with little or few					
1. He has got	friends.				
2. I drink	_coffee. I don't like it.				
3. The Smiths have got _	money. They aren't rich.				
4. There were	people in the cinema yesterday.				
5. There was	lemonade in the bottle.				
6. He has	English books.				
7. There is	juice in my glass.				
8. There are	bananas in the box.				
9. I have got	_ rice. I need to buy some.				
10.He has got	work. He can go home in an hour.				

I.Fill in the gaps with much/many

iii iii tiic gaps with mach, many							
1.	Jane hasn't got	time.					
2.	Do you know	_words in English?					
3.	He didn't eat	meat.					
4.	There isn't	_butter in the fridge.					
5.	Howeggs di	d he buy?					
6.	Samantha has got	friends.					
7.	Howlessons	do you have on					
	Mondays?						
8.	There was too	_ noise in the streets.					
9.	There are	apricots in the bag.					
10.There isn'tice-cream in the fridge.							

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J.Fill in how much/how many/a few/a little/some/any

1.	apples would you like, sir?				
	Just	, pleas	e.		
2.	Can I have _		milk?		
	Sorry, we ha	ven't got	milk.		
3.	rice would you like?				
	Just	, please	! .		
4.	carrots have we got?				
	We've got o	nly	·		
5.	oranges do we need?				
	We don't ne	ed	oranges.		
6.	su	sugar would you like in your tea?			
	Just	, please	·.		
7.	Is there	jui	ce in the fridge?		
	No wasaaa	بينما منا			



